

CKD

Case Presentation

Dr. S. MAZIAR

Case 1

A 65-year-old man, known case of CKD & HTN

Without new CC

Ht = 162cm Wt = 90Kg

V/S : RR=14 PR=82 T=37 BP=125/70

No edema

Lab Test:

CBC: WBC=6700

Urea=147

Mg=2.2

FBS= 89

Hg=10

Cr=6

Ca=8.7

PLT=160000

Na=133

p=6

Bs=104

K=5.1

Alb=4.1

GFR by CKD-EPI: 9.73

Medications:

Valsartan 160 mg BD

Atorvastatin 40mg Daily

NC 2.6mg BD

Nephrotonic Daily

Calcium-carbonate 500mg BD

Erythropoietin 4000u II/wk

When do start hemodialysis?

The decision to start chronic dialysis is made in collaboration between the nephrologist and patient.

Indications for starting dialysis

- **GFR**

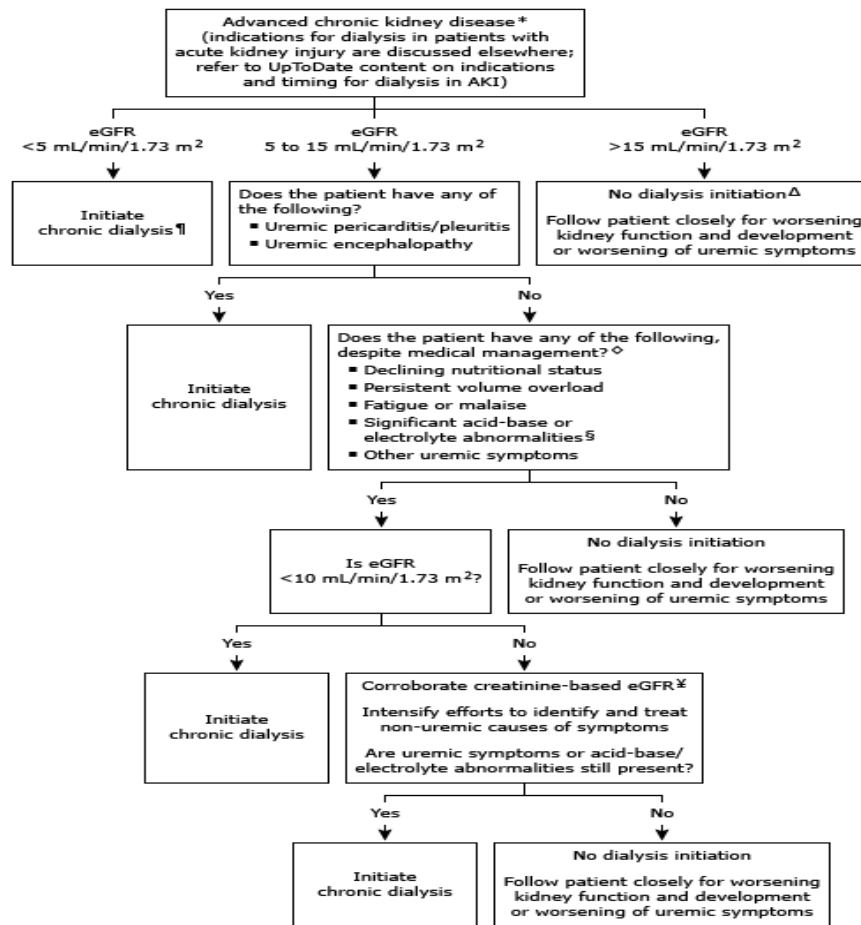
No absolute indication for dialysis based on GFR

- Some patients, especially those who are young and have few comorbidities, may remain relatively asymptomatic despite an $\text{eGFR} < 10 \text{ mL/mhn/1.73m}^2$

CKD-EPI

- GFR > 15 cc/min No dialysis
- GFR 5-15cc/min Dialysis in those who have developed uremia-related signs and symptoms that are refractory to medical therapy.
- GFR < 5 cc/min Dialysis

Indications for initiation of maintenance dialysis in chronic kidney disease



This algorithm represents a general approach to dialysis initiation in

Lab Test:

CBC: WBC=6700

Urea=147

Mg=2.2

Hg=10

Cr=6

Ca=8.7

PLT=160000

Na=133

p=6

Bs=104

K=5.1

Alb=4.1

GFR by CKD-EPI: 9.73

Medications:

Valsartan 160 mg BD

Atorvastatin 40mg Daily

NC 2.6mg BD

Nephrotonic Daily

Calcium-carbonate 500mg BD

Erythropoietin 4000u II/wk

Management

Sevelamer 800mg PO TDS with food

Case 2

A 45-year-old man, Known case of DM, HTN, HLP, HF admitted to the emergency ward with dyspnea.

He has been admitted because of dyspnea three times in the last month.

Wt=65 Ht=170

V/S: RR=24 PR=88/min T=37 BP=145/65

CBC: WBC=8700

Hb=8.5

Ca=9.1

Alb=4

Urea=120

P=6.2

FBS=90

Cr= 5.6

Mg=2.3

Na=132

BS=157

K=5.4

HbA1c=7.1

GFR by CKD-EPI =11.97

Medications:

Insulin

Valsartan 80 mg Daily

Atorvastatin 40 mg Daily

ASA 80 mg Daily

Nephrovit

Ca-carbonate 500mg TDS

Management

Increased Hb, Erythropoietin administration
(check: Iron, TIBC, Ferritin)

Furosemide administration

Sevelamer 800mg TDS

After a month the dyspnea resolved and there were no symptoms

Case 3

A 67-year-old women, known case of DM, HTN, Hypothyroidism, HLP, visited the clinic to have her tests checked.

She had no new complaints, except 2+ edema in lower limbs.

No change in weight

Wt=60 Kg Ht=167

CBC: WBC=6500

K=5.1

PH=7.38

Hb= 10.5

Ca=7.8

PCO₂=38

Plt=210000

P=4.9

Hco₃=22

Cr=3.8

Alb=3.3

TSH=2.1

Urea=89

Mg=2.2

Na=141

GFR: CKD-EPI=12.44

Insulin

Atorvastatin

ASA

Levothyroxin

Ca-carbonate

Valsartan

Carvedilol

Symptoms of malnutrition

Therefore: Starting Hemodialysis

Renal Replacement Therapy

Hemodialysis

Peritoneal dialysis

Transplantation

